Claims

- [c1] 1. A method for making a porous electrode, comprising: sintering a layer of electrically conductive material to form a sintered porous support having a porosity of greater than about 10%; and infiltrating said sintered porous support with a catalyst.
- [c2] 2.A method for making a porous electrode as in Claim 1, wherein the porous electrode has a mean pore size of about 2 to about 13 microns.
- [c3] 3.A method for making a porous electrode as in Claim 1, wherein said material is nickel, cobalt, titanium, zirco-nium, hafnium, niobium, tungsten, carbon, iron, or mixtures or alloys thereof.
- [c4] 4.A method for making a porous electrode as in Claim 1, wherein said sintered porous support has a porosity greater than about 40%.
- [05] 5.A method for making a porous electrode, comprising: coating an electrically conductive material with a catallyst;
 - forming a layer of said coated material; and sintering said layer to form the porous electrode,

wherein said porous electrode has a porosity greater than about 20%.

- [06] 6.A method for making a porous electrode as in Claim 5, wherein said porous electrode has a porosity greater than about 40%.
- [c7] 7.A method for making a porous electrode as in Claim 6, wherein said porous electrode has a mean pore size of about 2 to about 13 microns.
- [08] 8.A method for making a porous electrode as in Claim 5, wherein said material is nickel, cobalt, titanium, zirco-nium, hafnium, niobium, tungsten, carbon, iron, or mixtures or alloys thereof.
- [09] 9.A method for making a porous electrode, comprising coating an electrically conductive, porous support with a solution of catalyst precursor; and converting said catalyst precursor to a catalyst.
- [c10] 10.A method for making a porous electrode as in Claim 9, wherein the electrode has a porosity greater than about 20% by volume.
- [c11] 11.A method for making a porous electrode as in Claim 9, wherein the porous electrode has a mean pore size of about 2 to about 13 microns.

- [c12] 12.A method for making a porous electrode as in Claim 9, wherein said material is nickel, cobalt, titanium, zirconium, hafnium, niobium, tungsten, carbon, iron, or mixtures or alloys thereof.
- [c13] 13.A method for making a porous electrode as in Claim 9, wherein said sintered porous support has a porosity greater than about 40% by volume.